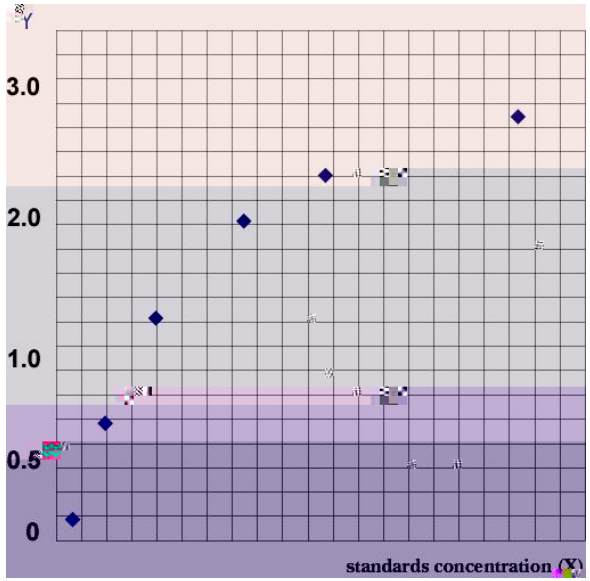


Y
3.0
2.0
1.0
0.5
0
standards concentration (X)

This IL-10 ELISA kit is intended Laboratory for Research use only and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm using a spectrophotometer. In order to measure the concentration of IL-10 in the sample, this IL-10 ELISA Kit includes a set of calibration standards. The calibration standards are assayed at the same time as the samples and allow the operator to produce a standard curve of Optical Density versus IL-10 concentration. The concentration of IL-10 in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the samples to the standard curve.

- Use a serum separator tube and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 10 minutes at approximately 3000ǐg. Remove serum and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20 or -80 .Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles

- Collect plasma using EDTA or heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples for 30 minutes at 3000ǐg at 2-8 within 30 minutes of collection. Store samples at -20 or -80 . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Remove particulates by centrifugation and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20 or -80 . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

samples sh pl



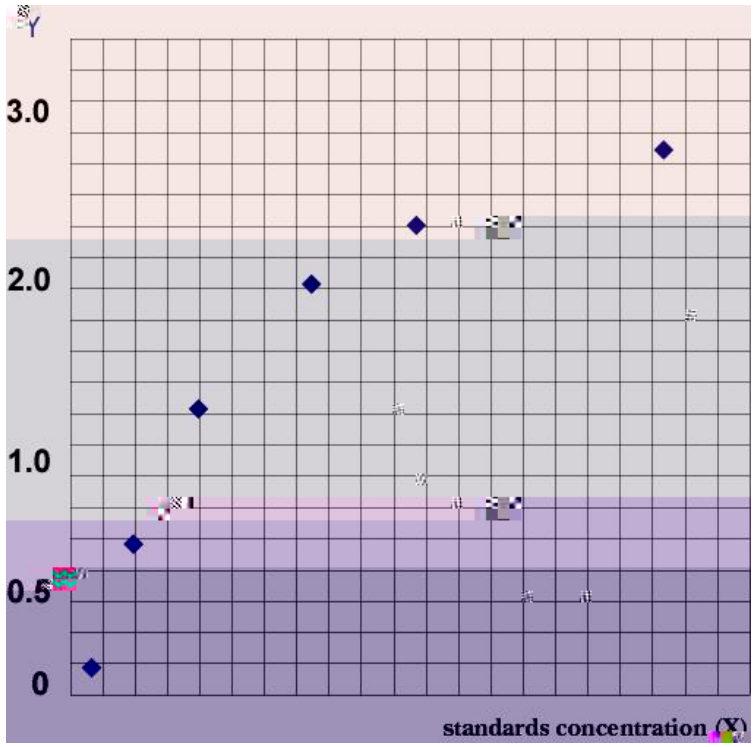
User ma	1
Sealed b	1

Standard (S0 Ÿ S5) concentration was follow by:0,2.5,5,10,20,

20Ĭwash solution:Dilute with Distilled or deionized er 1:20.

1. Prepare all reagents before starting assay procedure. It is recommended that all Standards and Samples be added in duplicate to the Microelisa Stripplate.
2. Add standard: Set Standard wells, testing sample wells. Add standard 50εl to standard well.
3. Add Sample: Add testing sample 10εl then add Sample Diluent to testing sample well; Blank well doesnôt add anyting.
4. Add 100εl of HRP-conjugate reagent to each well, cover with an adhesive strip and incubate for 60 minutes at 37Á.
5. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process four times for a total of five washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Solution (400εl) using a squirt bottle manifold dispenser or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Solution by aspirating

1. This standard curve is used to determine the amount in an unknown sample. The standard curve is generated by plotting the average O.D. (450 nm) obtained for each of the six standard concentrations on the vertical (Y) axis versus the corresponding concentration on the horizontal (X) axis.
2. First, calculate the mean O.D. value for each standard and sample. All O.D. values, are subtracted by the mean value of the zero standard before result interpretation. Construct the standard curve using graph paper or statistical software.
3. To determine the amount in each sample, first locate the O.D. value on the Y-axis and extend a horizontal line to the standard curve. At the point of intersection, draw a vertical line to the X-axis and read the corresponding concentration.
4. Any variation in operator, pipetting and washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in result. Each user should obtain their own standard curve.
5. The sensitivity by this assay is 0.1 pg/ml
6. Standard curve



Storage 2-8 .
validity six months.